RUTH LAKE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

RUTH LAKE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Ruth Lake Community Services District Mad River, California

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the Ruth Lake Community Services District, basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Ruth Lake Community Services District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special District. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Ruth Lake Community Services District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Ruth Lake Community Services District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the

aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ruth Lake Community Services District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Ruth Lake Community Services District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (omitted) presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Blomberg & Luffin A.C.
Stockton Colifornia

Stockton, California

February 11, 2023

RUTH LAKE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

ASSET		2022
Current Assets		
Cash and Investments	Ф	404.000
Accounts Receivable Net	\$	401,890
Prepaid Expense		11,309
		34,160
Total Current Assets		447,358
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets		3,408,052
Accumulated Depreciation		(2,066,988)
Total Noncurrent Assets		
Total Nonculrent Assets		1,341,064
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,788,423
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts & Accrued Payable	\$	21,276
Total Current Liabilities		21,276
Total Liabilities		21,276
Net Position		
Invested In Capital Assets -		
Net of Related Debt		1,341,065
Unrestricted		426,082
Total Net Position		720,002
10tal Net Position		1,767,147
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	1,788,423

RUTH LAKE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION June 30, 2022

	Community Service District - Leases	Marina and Campground	Total
OPERATING REVENUE			
Campground revenue	\$ -	A	
Marina revenue	J -	\$ 446,401	\$ 446,401
Lease revenue	177.506	338,750	338,750
Grant revenue	177,586	-1	177,586
Solid waste fees	7,946		7,946
Community hall rent	16,100	-	16,100
Water Fees (leases)	675	-	675
Total Operating Revenue	<u>2,770</u> <u>205,077</u>	785,151	2,770 990,228
Cost of Good Sold			
Gross Profit	205,077	146,409 638,742	146,409 843,819
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Advertising	000		
Bank Charges	908	-	908
Bank Card Marchant Fees	129	-	129
Communications	9 160	23,763	23,763
Depreciation	8,160	2,973	11,133
Due and Subscriptions	8,278 4,776	97,860	106,138
Equipment rental	643	- 0.201	4,776
Fire Protection	36,000	8,391	9,034
Inspection	50,000	1.100	36,000
Insurance	20,184	1,190	1,190
License and permits	1,697	598	20,782
Loan Fee	2,142	21,446	23,143
Miscellaneous	117	4,283	6,425
Travel	4,460	6,347	6,464
Office supplies	2,259	1,510	5,970
Operating Supplies	15,161	04.224	2,259
Payroll Expenses	117,224	94,234	109,396
Payroll Taxes	9,466	301,134	418,358
Postage and delivery	1,617	32,164	41,630
Professional Fees	30,053	58	1,675
Repairs and Maintenance	74	12,297	42,350
Refund	72	63,856	63,930
Solid waste	18,363	1,630	1,702
Taxes	175	25,905	44,269
Telephone	-	83	258
Utilities	10,053	1,592	1,592
Vehicle	88	15,720 24,542	25,773
Total Operating Expense	292,099	741,578	<u>24,630</u> <u>1,033,677</u>
Net Income (Loss) from Operations	(87,022)	(102,836)	(189,858)
NON-OPERATING INCOME	(,)	(102,030)	(109,030)
Tax revenues	C = 10		
Miscellaneous Income	6,748	-	6,748
Interest Income	8,276	-	8,276
Total Non-Operating Income	205		205
	15,229	-	15,229
Change in Net Position	(71,793)	(102,836)	(174,629)
Beginning Net Position			1,941,776
Ending Net Position			\$ 1,767,147

RUTH LAKE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

CASH ELOWS EDOM OPED ATIVIS A STRUCTURE		2022
Cash received from promotion and itsi		
Cash received from operating activities Cash payment to supplies for goods and services	\$	979,292
Cash payment to supplies for goods and services Cash payment to employees & Payroll taxes		(593,904)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(459,988)
The Cash Provided (Osca) by Operating Activities		(74,599)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Property Taxes		6740
Miscellaneous income		6,748 8,276
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital	-	8,276
Financing Activities		15,024
CACH EV OWIG TO CALL		10,021
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash Paid to acquired capital assets		(78,404)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital		
and Related Financing Activities		(78,404)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		205
	y-	205
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents		(137,774)
		(137,774)
Cash & Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		539,664
Cook & Cook Eminature P. 1. C.Y.	-	,
Cash & Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	401,890
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Income (Loss) from Operations	\$	(189,858)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		107 120
Increase in Prepaid Expenses		106,138
Decrease in Deposits		(2,344) 5,000
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(10,935)
(Decrease) Increase in Accounts & Accrued Payable		17,400
		, 100
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Ruth Lake Community Services District (District) is a special district of the State of California, created in 1966 Under Government Code Sections 61000, et seq. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors elected at large by the residents of the District. The District was formed to administer certain lands around Ruth Lake and to provide for public recreation in the form of boat launching, camping, facilities, and other recreational sites.

The accompanying financial statements include all organization, activities, and functions that comprise the Ruth Lake Community Service District. There are no components units (entities that are legally separate for which the District is financially accountable) included within the reporting entity.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements (Statement of Net Position, Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows) report information on all of the enterprise activities of the District. The District does not have any activities that are considered government-type or fiduciary activities. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of all of the activities of the District at year end.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation

The District uses multiple proprietary (enterprise) funds to account for its activities. Propriety funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the Intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, Including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The basic financial statements are prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues)and decreases (expenses) in total net position, Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized in the period in related liability is incurred.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation

Grant and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements Imposed by the provider have been met.

The District distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items, Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for sales and services and property leases, Operating expenses Include the cost of sales and services, general and administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Directors adopt a budget annually to be effective July 1st of the ensuing fiscal year. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are held in demand deposit accounts with two financial institutions.

For purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all cash on hand and cash in demand deposits accounts to be cash and cash equivalents.

F. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of uncollected property lease income and other fees for services at year end. An allowance for doubtful accounts has not been established. Accounts receivables are written off when deemed uncollectible.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Inventories

An inventory of the items held for resale by the District that not been established. An example of the items held for resale by the District are bait, gasoline, general merchandise, and sports equipment. Management asserts that the value of items held for resale are immaterial to the financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and other assets that are used in operations, and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are stated at cost or estimated historical cost. The District has not established a capitalization threshold policy.

Depreciation has been provided for using the straight-line method over estimated lives ranging from five to fifteen years for machinery and equipment, twenty to forty years for buildings and improvements, and seventy-five years of infrastructure. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value or materially extend assets lives are reported as costs as a component of operating expenses.

I. Net Position

The net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. The net position is segregated into two components: 1) invested in capital assets and 2) unrestricted. The net position invested in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by any related debt. Net position is reported a restricted when there are limitations imposed on the use, either through enabling legislation adopted or through, external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

K. <u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

Deferred outflows of resources are reported separately and represents a consumption of net position that applied to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses) until then. Deferred inflows of resources, also reported separately, represent an acquisition of net position that applied to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that lime. The District had no deferred outflows or inflows of resources for the fiscal year ended 2022.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position

	2022	2021
Cash on Hand Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 2,874 399,016	\$ 2,085 537,579
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 401,890	\$ 539,664

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. The District may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits that are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The District has waived the collateralization requirements. The District had deposits with bank balances of \$372,960 as of June 30, 2022, of which \$251,497 was insured by the National Credit Union Administration.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance 2021	Increase	Adjustments	Balance 2022
Capital Assets Depreciated: Infrastructure Land Improvements Buildings	\$ 134,655 885,563 1,708,969	\$ - 22,824	\$ -	\$ 134,655 908,387
Equipments Total Capital Assets Depreciated	600,454	55,587		1,708,969 656,041
Less Accumulated Depreciation	3,329,641 (1,960,850)	78,411 (106,138)		3,408,052 (2,066,988)
Net Capital Assets Depreciated Total Net Capital Assets -	1,368,791	(27,727)		1,341,064
Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,368,791	\$ (27,727)	\$ -	\$ 1,341,064

Depreciation was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Business-Type Activity	2022	2021
Depreciation Expense	\$ 106,138	\$ 121,821
Total	\$ 106,138	\$ 121,821

NOTE 4 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains commercial coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 5 – LEASE COMMITMENTS

The District leases property owned by the Humboldt Bay Municipal Water District.

The District operates under a thirty-nine-year master lease with the Humboldt Bay Municipal Water District, dated June 1, 1964, and extended on May 31, 2013 for ten years. The terms of the lease allow for six ten-year extensions of the master lease through a maximum of ninety-nine years from June 1, 1964.

The purpose of the master lease is to lease lands for 1) building, operating, and maintaining boat launching facilities, 2) constructing and maintaining other recreational facilities, roads, and structures, and 3) subletting to tenants for recreational purposes.

NOTE 6 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent to June 30, 2022, to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosures in the financial statements. Such events were evaluated through February 17, 2023, the date these financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, it was determined that, no subsequent events occurred that require recognition or additional disclosures in the financial statements.